



St Gerard's Times Tables Challenge

Gold



Name_____

Dear St Gerard's mathematician,

You are working on Gold times tables, which are the 8, 9, 12 and the sneaky 15 times tables. It is very important that you practise these as often as you can to improve your speed and accuracy.

Each week, you will be tested on these.

How quickly can you answer 48 times tables questions?

Tips to help you learn your times tables:

- Chant each times table out loud: 'four times two is eight'
- Make a rhyme
- Can you do it backwards, starting with $12 \times ?$
- Ask someone to test you in a random order
- Can you find some songs which include the tables?
- Use your body/fingers/toes to help you count in different steps
- Play against the clock – can you beat your time?
- Make it fun!

Once you have achieved your Bronze award you are able to try for your Silver Award.

Useful websites:

<http://www.ictgames.com/resources.html>

<http://www.fun4thebrain.com/>

<http://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/7-11-years/problem-solving>

<https://mathsframe.co.uk/>

<http://mathszone.co.uk/>

Useful apps:

King of Maths

Maths Shake

Maths Duel

Battle Times

Squeebles

8 Times Table

$1 \times 8 = 8$	$5 \times 8 = 40$	$9 \times 8 = 72$
$2 \times 8 = 16$	$6 \times 8 = 48$	$10 \times 8 = 80$
$3 \times 8 = 24$	$7 \times 8 = 56$	$11 \times 8 = 88$
$4 \times 8 = 32$	$8 \times 8 = 64$	$12 \times 8 = 96$

Top Tip:

8× all of the numbers in the 8 times tables are even.

Can you spot the pattern? The ones digits go down in 2s (8, 6, 4, 2, 0)



9 Times Table

$1 \times 9 = 9$	$5 \times 9 = 45$	$9 \times 9 = 81$
$2 \times 9 = 18$	$6 \times 9 = 54$	$10 \times 9 = 90$
$3 \times 9 = 27$	$7 \times 9 = 63$	$11 \times 9 = 99$
$4 \times 9 = 36$	$8 \times 9 = 72$	$12 \times 9 = 108$

Top Tip:

9× has a pattern: 9, 18, 27, 36, 45, 54, 63, 72, 81, 90

Notice how the 'ones' go down: 9, 8, 7, 6, ...? And the 'tens' go up: 1, 2, 3, ...?

Your hands can help! Example: to multiply 9 by 8: hold your 8th finger down, and you can count "7" and "2" ... the answer is 72.



12 Times Table

$1 \times 12 = 12$	$5 \times 12 = 60$	$9 \times 12 = 108$
$2 \times 12 = 24$	$6 \times 12 = 72$	$10 \times 12 = 120$
$3 \times 12 = 36$	$7 \times 12 = 84$	$11 \times 12 = 132$
$4 \times 12 = 48$	$8 \times 12 = 96$	$12 \times 12 = 144$

Top Tip:

12× Note that 12 is $10 + 2$, so $12 \times \text{something}$ is $10 \times \text{something} + 2 \times \text{something}$.

Example: $4 \times 12 =$

$$10 \times 4 = 40 + 2 \times 4 = 8$$

$$40 + 8 = 48$$

Fill and



Super Sneaky 15 Times Tables Challenge

$1 \times 15 = 15$	$5 \times 15 = 75$	$9 \times 15 = 135$
$2 \times 15 = 30$	$6 \times 15 = 90$	$10 \times 15 = 150$
$3 \times 15 = 45$	$7 \times 15 = 105$	$11 \times 15 = 165$
$4 \times 15 = 60$	$8 \times 15 = 120$	$12 \times 15 = 180$

Top Tip:

15x Numbers in the 15 times tables will always end in a 5 or a 0.

Note that 15 is $10 + 5$, so $15 \times \text{something}$ is $10 \times \text{something} + 5 \times \text{something}$.

Example: $6 \times 15 =$

$$10 \times 6 = 60 + 5 \times 6 = 30$$

$$60 + 30 = 90$$



Can you complete this challenge in less than 5 minutes?

X	8	9	12	15
5				
7				
10				
3				
2				
1				
12				
11				
9				
4				
6				
8				

Now we will look at DIVISION. This is the inverse operation to MULTIPLICATION. You can use your skills to answer these questions.

Dividing by 8

Half your number three times. So in example 1, you need to divide 128 by 8. So half of 128 is 64, half of 64 is 32 and half of 32 is 16.

$8 \div 8 = 1$	$40 \div 8 = 5$	$72 \div 8 = 9$
$16 \div 8 = 2$	$48 \div 8 = 6$	$80 \div 8 = 10$
$24 \div 8 = 3$	$56 \div 8 = 7$	$88 \div 8 = 11$
$32 \div 8 = 4$	$64 \div 8 = 8$	$96 \div 8 = 12$

Dividing by 9

Similar to the divide by 3 rule, if the sum of all the digits is divisible by 9, then the entire number is divisible by 9. For example, we know that 18332145 is divisible by 9 because $1+8+3+3+2+1+4+5 = 27$ and $27 \div 9 = 3$.

$9 \div 9 = 1$	$45 \div 9 = 5$	$81 \div 9 = 9$
$18 \div 9 = 2$	$54 \div 9 = 6$	$90 \div 9 = 10$
$27 \div 9 = 3$	$63 \div 9 = 7$	$99 \div 9 = 11$
$36 \div 9 = 4$	$72 \div 9 = 8$	$108 \div 9 = 12$

Dividing by 12

A number is divisible by 12 if it is divisible by 3 and by 4..

$12 \div 12 = 1$	$60 \div 12 = 5$	$108 \div 12 = 9$
$24 \div 12 = 2$	$72 \div 12 = 6$	$120 \div 12 = 10$
$36 \div 12 = 3$	$84 \div 12 = 7$	$132 \div 12 = 11$
$48 \div 12 = 4$	$96 \div 12 = 8$	$144 \div 12 = 12$

Gold Division Challenge

$12 \div 12 =$	$90 \div 9 =$	$108 \div 12 =$
$18 \div 9 =$	$36 \div 12 =$	$9 \div 9 =$
$64 \div 8 =$	$54 \div 9 =$	$32 \div 8 =$
$48 \div 12 =$	$99 \div 9 =$	$72 \div 9 =$
$8 \div 8 =$	$84 \div 12 =$	$40 \div 8 =$
$96 \div 8 =$	$48 \div 8 =$	$132 \div 12 =$
$120 \div 12 =$	$16 \div 8 =$	$63 \div 9 =$
$45 \div 9 =$	$60 \div 12 =$	$72 \div 8 =$
$80 \div 8 =$	$108 \div 9 =$	$72 \div 12 =$
$24 \div 12 =$	$56 \div 8 =$	$27 \div 9 =$
$81 \div 9 =$	$96 \div 12 =$	$24 \div 8 =$
$36 \div 9 =$	$88 \div 8 =$	$144 \div 12 =$